



US BEEF & VEAL QUOTA MANUAL

March 2026



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SECTION 1.

INTRODUCTION

1. The Quota Allowance Allocation System (“Allocation System”) outlined in this document is a continuation of the Allocation System operated previously by the New Zealand Meat Board (“Board”), amended as a result of the 2024 Quota Allocation Mechanism Review. This will apply to Quota Allowance administration for the 2025 and subsequent Quota Years, and will operate for the United States (“US”) Beef and Veal Quota Year.
2. This Allocation System is implemented by the New Zealand Meat Board pursuant to its powers under the Meat Board Act 2004 (“Act”), in particular Part 3.
3. New Zealand has negotiated with the US a Tariff Rate Quota (“TRQ”) for the importation of beef and veal into the US. Under Rule 15 Central Federal Register Part 2012.3 of 23 March 1995 (“US Rules”) the ability to import beef and veal into the US from New Zealand within the terms of the TRQ is made subject to the presentation of a Tariff Rate Quota Certificate (“TRQ Certificate”) endorsed by a recognised authority. This is to ensure that only product originating from permitted countries and limited to the specified quantities enters the US within the terms of the relevant TRQ. The Board is recognised as the authority for issuing TRQ Certificates, and undertakes to issue the TRQ Certificates only within the quantities and duties provided for in Presidential Proclamation No. 6763 and subsequent US TRQ regulations.
4. The Board’s policy for the allocation of this US TRQ is founded upon the principle that TRQ should be equitably allocated to Qualifying Companies and eligible New Entrants to ensure that the New Zealand red meat industry is the recipient of the economic benefits deriving from quota markets.
5. In establishing the policy evidenced by this Allocation System, the Board has recognised that:
 - a. the object of the Board is to facilitate the capture, for New Zealand and in the interests of the meat industry, of the best possible ongoing returns available from quota markets;
 - b. where authorities in a market have granted access to that market at zero or concessional tariff rates for a particular quantity of meat products imported from New Zealand during any period, the Board must establish and operate a mechanism for the allocation of that quantity; and
 - c. the operation of the allocation mechanism must be likely to maximise the capture for New Zealand of the returns available from the market concerned for the meat products
6. The Board will only issue TRQ Certificates to a company that has General or New Entrant Quota Allowance obtained in accordance with this Allocation System.
7. The Allocation System is, in essence, divided into two parts:
 - a. first, the General Quota Allowance Allocation System, which governs the allocation of at least 98% of the TRQ. It is based upon Production History over the three completed Production Seasons immediately prior to the commencement of the Quota Year.

- b. second, the New Entrant Allowances Allocation System which allows for the allocation of up to 2% of the TRQ to New Entrants (“New Entrant Allowance”). (A small portion of the New Entrant Quota Allowance is set aside for sample packages.)
 - i. New Entrant allowances are available to Registered Exporters on a First Come First Served (FCFS), certificate by certificate basis. A New Entrant must provide proof of use within one month of certificate issue. New Entrant allowances are not transferrable
 - ii. those quota participants accumulating Production History may have access to the New Entrant quota until they have three years of production history
 - iii. access to New Entrant Quota for any individual participant is limited to 30% of the total New Entrant Quota Allowance.
8. New Entrants wanting to obtain access to Quota Allowance will be able to do so by:
- a. applying to the Board for a portion of New Entrant Quota Allowance by means of an application for a quota certificate in respect of a single shipment; or
 - b. applying to the Board for General Quota Allowance based on Production History earned in relevant prior seasons; and/or
 - c. acquiring Quota Allowance from an existing quota allowance holder.
9. If, in any Quota Year, any portion of the New Entrant Quota Allowance is not allocated to or fully utilised by New Entrants the balance will be made available to Qualifying Companies on the terms set out in this Allocation System.
10. This Allocation System provides for different procedures in respect of applications for General Quota Allowance (Section 4) and New Entrant Quota Allowances (Section 5).
11. The Board retains:
- a. the discretion to apply this Allocation System as it regards appropriate in relation to any circumstances that are not specifically provided for in this system; and
 - b. the ability to determine the interpretation of the provisions of this document.
12. The Board retains the right to suspend all or any of the provisions in this document for any Quota Year when it believes the total TRQ will not be a constraint on the quantity of beef and veal able to be exported to the US by the industry as a whole. The decision on whether to suspend the provisions will be made by the Board as soon as practicable in any Quota Year, but no later than six weeks before the end of the Quota Year

Cross-reference: General Quota Allowance: Procedures; Section 11

SECTION 2.

DEFINITIONS

At Time of Slaughter	means immediately after slaughter floor weighing of a carcass (i.e. immediately after the carcass has crossed the scales).
Company	includes any company or other legal entity or person and where applicable any trust or trustee or beneficiary of a Trust (including discretionary beneficiary);
Eligible Quota Holder	means an exporter registered under the Meat Board Act 2004
General Quota Allowance	means the proportion (currently 98%) of the TRQ available for allocation by the Board after deductions for New Entrant Quota Allowance, and available in the relevant Quota Year. A holder of General Quota Allowance is a company that holds a portion of the General Quota Allowance
General Quota Allowance Allocation Formula	means the formula contained in Section 4, paragraph 1.
Hot Weight	means the weight of a dressed carcass at the slaughter floor scales prior to any chilling or freezing
New Entrant	<p>means in respect of a Company that is an exporter registered under the Meat Board Act 2004 and made its first year application for a portion of New Entrant allowance, a Company which, during the three years prior to the applicable New Entry Period, has not been allocated and used General Quota Allowance (but which may have purchased Production History, Export History or General Quota Allowance).</p> <p>A Company does not qualify as a New Entrant if, during the three years prior to, or during, the applicable New Entry Period:</p> <p>(a) a related company (as defined in the Companies Act 1993) of that Company; or</p> <p>(b) beneficial shareholders of 50% or more of the shares in that company, have between them been allocated General Quota Allowance.</p> <p>For the purpose of this definition a beneficial shareholder is a Company that holds or controls shares in another Company either directly, or indirectly through its control of shareholding in another Company.</p> <p>A New Entrant shall cease to be a New Entrant upon the completion of the New Entry Period.</p>
New Entrant Quota Allowance	means the 2% (or less) of the TRQ set aside by the Board under this Allocation System in the relevant Quota Year in accordance with Section 5. A holder of New Entrant Quota Allowance is a company that holds a portion of the New Entrant Quota Allowance.
New Entry Period	means in relation to a New Entrant, the Quota Year for which a New Entrant is first allocated New Entrant Quota Allowance and the two following Quota Years.
Owner of Qualifying Product at Time of Slaughter	<p>means the owner of Qualifying Product immediately after slaughter floor weighing (i.e., immediately after the carcass has crossed the scales).</p> <p>Ownership for this purpose disregards any reservation of ownership, subject to payment, and disregards any effect on ownership due to a mortgage or charge over the Qualifying Product. The term Qualifying Product Owned at Time of Slaughter has a corresponding meaning.</p>

Participation Fee	<p>includes fixed and variable participation fees and special levies as set out in Section Thirteen, Appendix 2 that may be amended in consultation with quota holders from time to time by the Board.</p> <p>The fixed participation fee is payable with the application for Quota, the variable participation fee is due and payable following the annual allocation process and prior to the commencement of the relevant quota year.</p> <p>A first come first served participation fee will be levied on receipt of the first application for quota and a variable participation fee will be levied on volume of each quota certificate issued.</p>
Production History	<p>means in respect of a Qualifying Company a figure equal to the weight of Qualifying Product Owned at Time of Slaughter during a full Production Season. That figure will represent the Production History of that Qualifying Company for that Production Season.</p> <p>For clarity, Production History will only begin to be recorded in the first full Production Season following a facility becoming USDA Listed Premises.</p>
Production Season	means a year commencing the nearest Sunday to 1 October, and ending the nearest Saturday to 30 September in the following calendar year
Qualifying Company	<p>means a company which:</p> <p>(a) is a registered exporter under the Act; and</p> <p>(b) has been the Owner of Qualifying Product at Time of Slaughter</p>
Qualifying Product	means beef and veal from livestock slaughtered in USDA Listed Premises, measured as bone-in dressed carcass hot weight. In the case of bobby veal, an industry agreed coefficient could be applied in order to bring the measurement of bobby veal carcasses into line with that of beef carcasses.
Qualifying Product Owned at Time of Slaughter	refer to the definition of Owner of Qualifying Product at Time of Slaughter. i.e. has a corresponding meaning
Quota Year	means a year commencing 1 January and ending 31 December.
Tariff Rate Quota ("TRQ")	means the Tariff Rate Quota negotiated between the New Zealand Government and the US allowing the importation into the US of specified quantities of beef and veal at an in-quota tariff rate of 4.4c/kg for most beef products. Imports within the Tariff Rate Quota are also known as "in-quota" imports.
TRQ Certificate	means a Tariff Rate Quota Certificate, issued by the Board in accordance with US Rules which records, amongst other things, the New Zealand origin of beef and veal, to be imported into the US within the provisions of the TRQ.
USDA Listed Premises	means premises for the slaughter of livestock which have been confirmed as listed by the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA"), or had a recommendation for listing submitted to the USDA by the Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) as meeting the standards for slaughter and/or processing hygiene required by the USDA for exports of beef and veal to the US, and are awaiting confirmation. (See Qualifying Product).
USDA	means the United States Department of Agriculture
USTR	means the United States Trade Representative

SECTION 3.

CALENDAR

September	10	August Production Reports due
	30	Production Season closes on the nearest Saturday to 30 September
October	1	Production Season opens on the nearest Sunday to 1 October
		Companies to advise Board if they will use all General Quota Allowance allocated to them in the current Quota Year (Handback)
	10	September (complete season) Production Reports due
	15	Applications for General Quota Allowance for the following Quota Year close
		Transfers of Production History must be confirmed by the Board by this date
		Board to have advised companies of reallocations of unused quota
November	10	October Production Reports due
December	10	Board to have advised companies of General Quota Allowance Allocations by this date
		November Production Reports due
	31	Quota Year ends
January	1	Quota Year commences
	10	December Production Reports due
February	10	January Production Reports due
March	10	February Production Reports due
April	10	March Production Reports due
May	10	April Production Reports due
June	10	May Production Reports due
	30	Board to have reviewed New Entrant Quota Allowance utilisation
July	10	June Production Reports due
August	10	July Production Reports due

SECTION 4.

GENERAL QUOTA ALLOWANCE ALLOCATION SYSTEM

A Qualifying Company wanting to obtain access to quota allowance will be able to do so by:

- a. applying to the Board for a portion of the General Quota Allowance based upon its Production History; and/or
- b. acquiring quota allowance from an existing quota allowance holder.

Basis of General Quota Allowance Allocation System

1. General Quota Allowance will be allocated for a Quota Year to an applicant Qualifying Company in accordance with the following General Quota Allowance Allocation Formula:

$$PGQ = \frac{(PH_{i-3} + PH_{i-2} + PH_{i-1})}{(TPH_{i-3} + TPH_{i-2} + TPH_{i-1})} \times GQ$$

where:

PGQ = the portion of the General Quota Allowance (in tonnes) to be allocated to the Qualifying Company in the relevant Quota Year.

GQ = General Quota Allowance.

PH = a Qualifying Company's Production History for a Production Season.

TPH = the sum of the Production Histories for a Production Season of all applicants in the relevant Quota Year.

i = the Production Season commencing in the year prior to the relevant Quota Year

i-1 = the Production Season before i.

i-2 = the Production Season before i-1.

i-3 = the Production Season before i-2.

2. All measurement of Qualifying Product shall be made in accordance with the definition of Qualifying Product.
3. If at any time there is an interruption to the importation into the US of beef or veal from New Zealand which prevents the utilisation of any portion of the General Quota Allowance as contemplated, the Board may in subsequent Quota Years, apply the General Quota Allowance Allocation Formula with such modification as is necessary to take into account the interruption, as in the opinion of the Board, best meets the intentions of that formula.
4. Production History may be recorded preliminary to an application for Quota Allowance in a subsequent year.

SECTION 5.

NEW ENTRANT ALLOWANCES ALLOCATION SYSTEM

A. NEW ENTRANT ALLOWANCES ALLOCATION SYSTEM

The New Entrant Allowances Allocation System takes into account the fact that New Entrants may not have a Production History.

The Board shall reserve up to 2% of the TRQ as New Entrant Quota Allowance for possible allocation to New Entrants.

New Entrant allowances are available to Registered Exporters on a First Come First Served (FCFS), certificate by certificate basis. A New Entrant must provide proof of use within one month of certificate issue. New Entrant allowances are not transferrable.

Those quota participants accumulating Production History may have access to the New Entrant quota until they have three years of production history.

Access to New Entrant Quota for any individual participant is limited to 30% of the total New Entrant Quota Allowance.

New Entrants wanting to obtain access to Quota Allowance will be able to do so by:

- a. applying to the Board for General Quota Allowance based on Production History earned in relevant prior seasons; and/or
- b. applying to the Board for a portion of New Entrant Quota Allowance, by means of an application for a quota certificate in respect of a single shipment; or
- c. acquiring Quota Allowance from an existing quota allowance holder.

Eligibility

The Board may allocate New Entrant Quota Allowance to a New Entrant if the Board is satisfied that the applicant:

- a. is a New Entrant both at the time of application and will continue to be at all times during the applicable New Entry Period; Refer 'New Entrant' definition in Section Two
- b. has supplied to the Board all information that has been requested by the Board and is necessary to enable this Allocation System to operate effectively;
- c. has not incurred a penalty under section 34 of the Act or any penalty provision of any replacement legislation;

Restrictions: No new entrant shall be entitled to more than 30% of the total new entrant quota, except after handback. *Refer Section 8, Part C.*

Procedure

A. Application

Application for a quota allowance is by application for a quota certificate on a shipment by shipment basis.

Precedence shall be on the basis of date of application provided that no application shall be made for an export that is due to be shipped more than one month later than the application date.

An entity must apply for a quota certificate (volume) and pay the appropriate participation and certification fees.

B. Reservation of quota allowances

Upon receipt of an application and there being sufficient quota available once precedence has been applied, a contingent allocation of a New Entrant Quota allowance in the amount requested in the application shall be transferred to the applicant.

C. Quota Certificate Issuance

Upon receipt within one month of application of an eligibility document matching the application, a quota certificate will be issued.

Performance based application window

Where an applicant has applied for a quota allowance 5% or more, greater than required for shipment, the applicant will have their application window reduced from one month (four weeks) to three weeks, and if repeated to two weeks.

Cross-reference: Definitions "New Entrant" and "New Entry Period"; Section 2.

B. SAMPLES

1. The Board will set aside five tonnes of New Entrant Quota Allowance for each Quota Year which may at the discretion of the Board be utilised by any Qualifying Company or New Entrant for the exportation of sample beef or veal packages to the US, where the sample will be provided for the purpose of seeking to establish a new or improved product, or market niche, not provided by existing exporters.
2. Any New Entrant Quota Allowance set aside for samples not utilised or reserved for use by 1 October shall be allocated in accordance with Section 8, Part B.

Refer to: Meat Board Act 2004, Section 51

SECTION 6.

INDUSTRY AGREED DISCIPLINES

1. All holders of General Quota Allowance will be subject to Industry Agreed Disciplines relating to the US.
2. An Industry Agreed Discipline made under this Allocation System is a discipline agreed to in writing by holders of 70% or more of General Quota Allowance and agreed to by the Board.
3. All current Industry Agreed Disciplines will be recorded in Appendix One.
4. The Board may only establish an Industry Agreed Discipline in order to ensure that the conduct of the trade in beef and veal from New Zealand to the US is, in the opinion of the Board, helping to facilitate the capture, for New Zealand and in the interests of the meat industry, the best possible ongoing returns available from quota markets.
5. The Board will provide to all General and New Entrant Quota Allowance holders, a notice to be included in Appendix One where an Industry Agreed Discipline has been established in accordance with paragraph 2 above. The notice will outline the Industry Agreed Discipline and date of implementation.
6. Industry Agreed Disciplines shall not prevent the Board from taking steps necessary to ensure the effective access of beef and veal from New Zealand into the US.

Cross-reference: Notices; Section 9, Part C

Amendment of System: Consultation Process; Section 12

Industry Agreed Disciplines: Section 13, Appendix One

SECTION 7.

ADMINISTRATION OF GENERAL QUOTA ALLOWANCE ALLOCATIONS

A. PROVISION OF INFORMATION

1. A company holding General Quota Allowance, or a Company without Production History that intends making an application for General Quota for the following Quota Year, will be required to submit to the Board, on a monthly basis or as otherwise requested by the Board, information necessary to enable this Allocation System to operate effectively.
2. Such information will include details as to the quantity of its actual production of Qualifying Product; and provided in the manner set out in Section 14, Form 1.
3. This information will be monitored on an ongoing basis by the Board.
4. The Board may require that any information provided to it be verified by such reasonable means as the Board sees fit.
5. The information referred to in paragraphs 1 - 4 above must also be provided to the Board in a year in which it is determined that allocations of General Quota Allowance will be suspended because the TRQ is unlikely to be filled, on the basis that the information will be needed by the Board for calculation of the allocation of General Quota Allowances in subsequent years.
6. The onus shall be on each company to:
 - a. ensure that all information provided by it to the Board is correct and accurate; and
 - b. correct any inaccurate information it has already provided to the Board.

Cross-reference: General Provisions; Section 9, Part A

B. STATUTORY DECLARATIONS

The Board may at any time request that a company provide to it a statutory declaration regarding any relevant information which the Board may require as necessary to enable the Allocation System to operate effectively.

C. BOARD APPOINTED AUDITOR

1. Audits of information supplied to the Board for the purpose of seeking General Quota Allowance allocation will be undertaken, as the Board sees fit, by an auditor appointed by the Board; that auditor may be the company's external auditor under the Financial Reporting Act 2013.
2. The costs of the auditor are to be paid by the company seeking General Quota Allowance in the manner determined by the Board from time to time.

D. CO-OPERATION WITH AUDITING PROCESS

1. The owner of Qualifying Product at Time of Slaughter will be required to co-operate with any Board appointed auditor, and shall give such an auditor full access to the Company's relevant records.
2. Visits by auditors to head offices, branches and plants may take place at any time.

E. REPORT FROM COMPANY'S AUDITOR

A holder of, or claimant to, General Quota Allowance may be required by the Board to instruct the company's external auditor to receive audit instructions from the Board, to verify all claims and declarations relevant to Quota Allowance allocations. The costs of the external auditor are to be paid by the company.

SECTION 8.

TRANSFERS AND UNUSED QUOTA ALLOWANCE

A. TRANSFER OF QUOTA ALLOWANCE

1. A holder of an export registration certificate issued under the Act may acquire General Quota Allowance from a holder of General Quota Allowance.
2. Such a transfer will only apply to the relevant Quota Year, and will not comprise a transfer of Production History.
3. All transfers of quota allowance, must be notified to the Board in the manner set out in Section 14, Form 2 and the transfer form must be signed by authorised signatories of both the transferor and the transferee.
4. The Board will upon receipt of a properly completed transfer form confirm that at the date of receipt the transferor has sufficient Quota Allowance for such a transfer to be completed.
5. Transfers shall have no effect until confirmed by the Board in accordance with paragraph 4 above.

Cross-reference: General Provisions; Section 9, Part A

B. TRANSFER OF PRODUCTION HISTORY

1. Where a company (including one in liquidation or receivership) wishes to sell or otherwise transfer all, or part, of its Production History, then that Production History will be able to be transferred if:
 - a. the Production History is sold or otherwise transferred to a Qualifying Company or a New Entrant; and
 - b. the Board has approved of the Transferee of that Production History, which approval shall be in writing and shall not be unreasonably withheld.
2. Applications for the transfer of Production History, or any part of it, shall be completed by the Transferor and the Transferee in the manner set out in Section 14, Form 3 and must be signed by authorised signatories of both the Transferor and the Transferee.
3. Except where paragraph 1 above applies the purported transfer of a company's Production History will automatically result in the Production History of the company being cancelled and no longer forming part of TPH as defined in Section 4.
4. Subject to paragraph 7 below, where there is a transfer of Production History in accordance with paragraph 1 above, the Production History will be valid in respect of any allocation of General Quota Allowance to the Transferee in any future Quota Year in terms of the General Quota Allowance Allocation Formula, as if the Transferee had been the Transferor.

5. Any company seeking to transfer its Production History under paragraph 1 above, and the proposed Transferee, shall provide to the Board all information requested by the Board.
6. The transfer of Production History will not be effective until confirmed by the Board and notice of the transfer has been given by the Board to the Transferee.
7. For the purpose of calculating the entitlement to General Quota Allowance for any Quota Year a transfer of Production History must have been confirmed by the Board by 15 October prior to the commencement of the relevant Quota Year, or such other date as the Board allows.
8. A New Entrant shall not be permitted at any time during its New Entrant Period and for 3 years after the end of its New Entry Period, to transfer, sell or otherwise dispose of any Production History accruing as a result of its New Entrant status, including Production History.
9. Subject to any other provision in this manual, transfer of Production History not resulting from New Entrant status, i.e. Production History equal to amounts of quota purchased, or Production History exceeding the amount of quota held in a given Quota Year, will not be restricted.

Cross-reference: General Provisions; Section 9, Part A

C. UNUSED GENERAL QUOTA ALLOWANCE

1. On or before 1 October of a Quota Year all holders of General Quota Allowance must notify the Board in writing if they will not utilise any portion (the portion to be specified by them) of allowance allocated for that Quota Year (and which they have not transferred by a completed transfer confirmed by the Board by that date).
2. The Board upon receipt of such advice will use its best endeavours to reallocate such unused portions to Qualifying Companies within one week, and if not, by 15 October.
3. On receipt by the Board of notification by a company, under paragraph 3 above, the specified amount of the allowance will revert to the Board for allocation in accordance with paragraph 4 below.
4. The Board shall reallocate in order of precedence to:
 - a. in the case where demand for access to returned quota exceeds the volume returned to the Board then returned quota will be reallocated in proportion to the percentage of every such holder's initial allocation of General Quota Allowance for that Quota Year.
 - b. in the case where demand for access to returned quota is less than the volume returned to the Board then returned quota will be reallocated:
 - i. on demand to General Quota holders
 - ii. any remaining quota to be made available on a first come first served, certificate by certificate basis (with the 30% limit for New Entrants removed)

5. If a holder of General Quota Allowance (Transferor) transfers Quota to any other party (Transferee) and at the end of the Quota Year the Transferee holds unused Quota (Unused Quota) which includes all or part of such transferred Quota and the Transferee does not make application either for General or New Entrant Quota Allowance for the following Quota Year in excess of the Unused Quota, the Transferor shall be deemed to have held as at the end of the Quota Year in which such transfer was made, in addition to any unused quota actually held, the lesser of such unused Quota or the Quota which was transferred.

For the purposes of determining whether Unused Quota includes all or part of the Quota transferred, a Transferee shall be deemed to have used first the Quota the Transferee has held the longest, and if there is dispute as to the calculation of Unused Quota such shall be determined by an auditor appointed by the Board.

6. The Board may take action or impose penalties, including under Sections 24(4) and 34 of the Act, in relation to those quota holders that have unused quota remaining at the end of the Quota Year.

The Board will not take such action or impose such penalties if the amount of quota remaining unused by the company does not exceed a tolerance level of 0.5% of the company's quota allowance, or 25 tonnes, whichever is the higher.

A company exceeding the tolerance will have 2 times the amount of underutilization exceeding the tolerance deducted from its quota allocation in the next Quota Year.

The Board will advise industry annually in September of any potential penalty situations.

Cross-reference: General Provisions; Section 9, Part A

D. UNUSED NEW ENTRANT QUOTA ALLOWANCE

Basis for reallocation

1. As a general principle, New Entrant Quota Allowance is for use by new entrants as defined in Section 2 of this quota manual.

It is only in circumstances where the Board considers that a significant portion of the new entrant quota allowance is unlikely to be utilised that the Board should consider a reallocation of New Entrant Quota Allowance to General Quota holders.

2. The Board shall consider any circumstances that may have affected the ability of New Entrants or potential New Entrants to make full use, in the first half of the quota year, of the New Entrant Quota Allowance available.
3. Apart from consulting New Entrants on reasons for lack of utilisation, the Board shall also consider:
 - i. How many new entrants there are or how many entities have expressed interest in being a new entrant is the relevant quota year
 - ii. The amount of New Entrant Quota Allowance utilised by new entrants both individually and in aggregate

- iii. The overall demand for quota, determined by percentage utilisation of total quota
 - iv. The number and volume of transfers of quota
 - v. The price of quota, as much as that can be determined by the Board
 - vi. Any reasons that overall demand for quota might have been depressed in the first half of the quota year
 - vii. Any other reasons the Board may consider relevant at the time
4. Having considered 1, 2 and 3 above, the Board may, effective from 1 July of a quota year reallocate to GQA holders, up to 80% of the New Entrant Quota Allowance remaining at that date.
5. The New Entrant Quota Allowance to be reallocated to General Quota holders in proportion to their original General Quota allocation.

SECTION 9.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. NON-COMPLIANCE

1. Reference is made to section 34 of the Act which addresses the action that the Board may take in certain circumstances.
2. Where any General Quota Allowance is no longer permitted to be utilised by the holder pursuant to section 34 of the Act, the General Quota Allowance shall be allocated by the Board to non-offending holders of General Quota Allowance which seek a portion of that quota allowance for the remainder of the relevant Quota Year, in proportion to the percentage of every such holder's initial allocation of General Quota Allowance for that Quota Year.
3. The Board may, at its discretion, not enforce any of the provisions of section 34 of the Act if, in its view, the failure to use General Quota Allowance or the use of an excess quantity of the General Quota Allowance held by a company is of a minor nature, and no other holder of General Quota Allowance has been disadvantaged by that use, or within the tolerance level permitted by the Board.

B. LIMITATION OF ACCESS

Where there has been an alteration of the amount of total access to the TRQ allocated or set aside under this Allocation System in respect of the relevant Quota Year then the Board will, in terms of section 24 of the Act, determine any adjustment of quota allowance.

C. NOTICES

1. Any notice required to be issued by the Board to a company under this Allocation System will be valid if given in writing:
 - a. by posting it to the company's postal address provided to the Board by the company; or
 - b. by sending it by electronic mail to an address provided to the Board by the company; or
 - c. by any other means provided for service of documents under the Companies Act 1993.
2. Where a document is posted to the Board or a company it shall be deemed to be received by the Board or the company on the fourth working day after being posted.

SECTION 10.

TARIFF RATE QUOTA (TRQ) CERTIFICATE

A. COMPLETION OF THE TRQ CERTIFICATE

1. The format of the TRQ Certificate has been designed to conform with the standard aligned export documentation system, to enable exporters to enter the greater part of the required information at the same time as other export documents are being prepared. Exporters must complete the following sections of the document as appropriate

(Note minimum font size allowed is 8pt)

Section 1: Full name and postal address of the exporter.

Section 4: Details of the consignee must include the consignee's Importer of Record (IOR) number.

Section 5: Country of destination.

Section 6: The name and voyage number of the carrying vessel. Consignments by air may be indicated by the term "airfreight".

Section 7: The description of goods must include the following details:

- a. Product type, ie: whether "BEEF" or "VEAL";
- b. Number and kind of packages, ie: cartons;
- c. Description of goods, ie: "BONE-IN" or "BONELESS";
- d. Method of presentation, ie: whether in frozen or chilled form and other such additional information that normally appears on the Bill of Lading and other export documents (eg: shipping marks, container and seal numbers etc.) However, these details may be included on the certificate at the exporter's discretion.
- e. EMPICs (Export Meat Product Identification Code) should be provided for each product type.

Cross-reference: Section 13, Appendix Three

Section 8-9: The net weight or mass of the consignment. All weights are to be shown to a minimum of one decimal place in each section.

The remaining sections of the document will be completed by the Board:

Section 2: Official US TRQ Certificate number to be inserted. Note this number commences with the last digit of the Quota Year followed by "NZ", eg. XNZ*

* The number signifies the current year i.e. 2025=5NZ

Section 9: Place and date of issue, signature and seal.

Section 10: Expiry date, 31 December in the Quota Year of issue.

B. ISSUING PROCEDURES

1. Exporters shall electronically submit to the Board data covering each consignment of quota eligible product for validation and issuing. The Board will return original documentation to the exporter for sharing with the US importer.
2. The Board will endeavour to process and return certificates within 24 hours of their receipt.

C. REISSUE OF CERTIFICATES

Situations may arise whereby a reissue of a certificate is required. In such circumstances, the exporter should apply to the Board's Wellington office to have the certificate reissued. The return to the Board of the "original" certificate to be reissued is generally a prerequisite to a new certificate being issued, although the Board retains the discretion to reissue a certificate if a certificate cannot be returned.

D. TRQ CERTIFICATION CHARGES

The certification charges in Section 13, Appendix Two (Schedule of Fees) will apply.

SECTION 11.

GENERAL QUOTA ALLOWANCE: PROCEDURES

A. ADMINISTRATION

1. General Quota Allowance allocations will be made annually by the Board in accordance with the General Quota Allowance Allocation Formula (Section 4) on or before the commencement of the Quota Year for which the allocation is being made.
2. Every application for an allocation of General Quota Allowance, including an application to record Production History preliminary to an application for Quota Allowance in a subsequent year, shall:
 - a. be made in writing on Form 4; Section 14 or via the New Zealand Meat Board website (as appropriate) and must be lodged with the Board on or before 15 October of the year prior to the commencement of the Quota Year. (In completing the application form the applicant will agree to be bound by the terms set out in this Allocation System); and
 - b. be accompanied by any participation fees set by the Board.

*Cross-reference: General Quota Allowance Allocation System; Section 4
Schedule of Fees: Section 13, Appendix Two*

B. TIMING OF ADVICE OF ALLOCATION

1. The Board will use its best endeavour to advise companies of their allocation of General Quota Allowance on or before 10 December prior to the commencement of the Quota Year for which the allocation is being made.
2. Any additional allocation of General Quota Allowance, General Quota Allowance forfeited by another company, or an increase or decrease in the total quantity covered by the TRQ, to holders of General Quota Allowance will be advised as soon as is practicable.

SECTION 12.

AMENDMENT OF SYSTEM: CONSULTATION PROCESS

1. The Allocation System may be amended at any time in accordance with the Act.
2. The Board will not amend the Allocation System without consulting those persons required to be consulted in terms of the Act.
3. The process of consultation shall be:
 - a. The Board will give notice in writing to those persons required to be consulted in terms of the Act, outlining the provisions of the proposed amendments and requesting a written response within a period of not less than 14 days. The response shall set forth any objections to the proposed amendments and provide particulars as to how those objections might be met.
 - b. Those persons required to be consulted in terms of the Act shall, if they so request be entitled to appear before the Board and may make submissions orally, or in writing, regarding the proposed amendments.
 - c. The Board shall consider all responses and written or oral submissions made to it, and such other information as it considers appropriate and shall then determine whether or not to proceed with amendments.

SECTION 13.

APPENDICES

Appendix One: Industry Agreed Disciplines

Appendix Two: Schedule of Fees

Appendix Three: EMPIC Codes

Appendix Four: US Import Duties - Guidance Note

Appendix Five: Quota Allowance Allocation System - Guidance Note

APPENDIX 1: INDUSTRY AGREED DISCIPLINES

Currently, there are no industry agreed disciplines for this Quota.

APPENDIX 2: SCHEDULE OF FEES

The following schedule details fees charged for activities within the Allocation system will apply from 1 December 2024..

	\$ (G.S.T) exclusive
Quota Fees	
New Entrant/First Come First Served Participation Fee	1,500.00
Fixed Participation Fee	1,600.00
Variable Participation Fee (per tonne)	2.40
Special Levy (per tonne)	0.20
TRQ Certificate (per certificate)	
Wellington Issued Certificate (electronic)	10.00
Wellington Issued Certificate (manual)	40.00
- Not issued	30.00
- Cancelled	30.00
- Credit	50.00
Transfers	
General Quota	50.00
Production History	500.00
Quota Utilisation Reports	Nil
Miscellaneous	
Production / Export History Audits	Actual
Company Compliance Audits*	Actual

* *Approval of company procedures and audits of compliance with those procedures are carried out by independent auditors, at the company's expense.*

Note:

1. In the case of certificate cancellation, a fee is paid for the original issuing of the certificate and again for cancellation of the certificate and crediting of the exporter quota balance.
2. A reasonable charge, intended to cover actual and reasonable costs, will be discussed with exporters requiring special work to be undertaken by the Board's staff in respect of quota activities.

APPENDIX 3:

EMPICS

EMPIC CODES (Export Meat Product Identification codes)

BEEF - GRASS FED

Same Number for Chilled or Frozen, Number ends with either C or F

BEEF - GRASS FED					
	Premium	Prime	Bull	Manuf	YLB (XY)
CARCASE					
L quarter	10110	10210	-	-	-
P quarter	10120	10220	-	-	-
T quarter	10130	10230	-	-	-
F quarter	10140	10240	-	-	-
other quarters	-	10299	10399	10499	-
BONEIN					
OP ribs	11110	11210	-	-	11910
Ribs (not OP)	11115	11215	-	-	11915
shortloin/shell loin	11120	11220	11320	-	11920
shin	11130	11230	-	-	11930
other	11199	11299	11399	11499	11999

VEAL		
	Bobby Veal	White Veal
ccs/sides	10580	10680
other quarters	10599	10699
BONEIN		
legs	11530	11630
other	11599	11699
BONELESS		
legs	12530	-
striploin	12531	-
backstrap	12539	-
trunks	12560	-
trimmings	12570	-
other	12599	12699

BEEF - GRASS FED					
	Premium	Prime	Bull	Manuf	YLB (XY)
BONELESS					
Inside/topside	12101	12201	12301	12401	12901
outside/silverside	12102	12202	12302	12402	12902
flat	12103	12203	12303	12403	12903
eye of round	12104	12204	12304	12404	12904
knuckle	12111	12211	12311	12411	12911
thick flank	12112	12212	12312	12412	12912
thin flank	12113	12213	12313	12413	12913
rump/top sirloin	12121	12221	12321	12421	12921
striploin	12131	12231	12331	12431	12931
tenderloin	12132	12232	12332	12432	12932
rib eye/cube roll	12141	12241	12341	12441	12941
shoulder clod	12151	12251	12351	12451	12951
brisket point end	12161	12261	12361	12461	12961
brisket navel end	12162	12262	12362	12462	12962
chuck	12163	12263	12363	12463	12963
chuck roll	12164	12264	12364	12464	12964
chuck tender	12165	12265	12365	12465	12965
shank	12167	12267	12367	12467	12967
flanksteak	12168	12268	12368	12468	12968
trimmings - up to 65cl	12170	12270	12370	12470	-
trimmings - over 65cl	12175	12275	12375	12475	-
< 84cl (not trimmings)	-	-	12380	12480	-
85-89 cl	-	-	12385	12485	12985
90-92 cl	-	-	12390	12490	12990
93-94 cl	-	-	12393	12493	12993
95 cl & over	-	-	12395	12495	12995
100 vl	-	-	12398	12498	12998
other	12199	12299	12399	12499	12999

VEAL		
	Beef - Fancy	B/Veal - Fancy
FANCY		
sweetbreads	13000	13500
brains	13010	13510
hearts	13020	13520
kidneys	13030	13530
livers	13040	13540
tongues	13050	13550
thick skirts	13061	-
thin skirts	13062	-
heads	13070	-
cheeks	13071	-
tripe	13075	-
tail	13080	-
lungs	13085	-
bones	13090	13590
other fancy meats	13099	13599
INEDIBLE BEEF		
	14000	
PROCESSED		
	15000	
OTHER		
other meats	19000	
corned - canned	19011	

BEEF - GRAIN FED

Same Number for Chilled or Frozen, Number ends with either C or F

BEEF - GRAIN FED				
	Premium	Prime	Bull	Manuf
CARCASE				
L quarter	20110	20210	-	-
P quarter	20120	20220	-	-
T quarter	20130	20230	-	-
F quarter	20140	20240	-	-
other quarters	-	20299	20399	20499
BONEIN				
OP ribs	21110	21210	-	-
Ribs (not OP)	21115	21215	-	-
shortloin/shell loin	21120	21220	-	-
other	21199	21299	21399	21499
BONELESS				
Inside/topside	22101	22201	22301	22401
outside/silverside	22102	22202	22302	22402
flat	22103	22203	22303	22403
eye of round	22104	22204	22304	22404
knuckle	22111	22211	22311	22411
thick flank	22112	22212	22312	22412
thin flank	22113	22213	22313	22413
rump/top sirloin	22121	22221	22321	22421
striploin	22131	22231	22331	22431

VEAL	
	Beef - Fancy
FANCY	
sweetbreads	23000
brains	23010
hearts	23020
kidneys	23030
livers	23040
tongues	23050
thick skirts	23061
thin skirts	23062
heads	23070
cheeks	23071
tripe	23075
tail	23080
lungs	23085
bones	23090
other fancy meats	23099
INEDIBLE BEEF	
	24000
PROCESSED	
	25000
OTHER	
other meats	29000

APPENDIX 4:

UNITED STATES BEEF IMPORT DUTIES

– GUIDANCE NOTE

INTRODUCTION

This guidance note explains how the US Customs and Border Protection applies import duties to in-quota and out-of-quota beef product imported into the USA, as well as explaining the application of US safeguard duties to beef product.

This guide is not intended as a comprehensive interpretation of US Customs legislation. Those wishing to gain a detailed understanding should contact an importer, licensed US Customs broker or legal adviser.

IMPORT DUTIES

The regulatory entity that establishes rules and regulations governing imports into the USA is the United States Customs and Border Protection, operating under US Dept of Homeland Security.

The US Customs and Border Protection has the ability to apply three distinct levels of import duty to imports of New Zealand beef into the USA: In-Quota Import Duties, Out-of-Quota Import Duties and Safeguard Duties. The tariff rates and bases applicable to each type of duty are detailed on page 3 of this Appendix.

1 In-Quota Tariff

Pursuant to the TRQ negotiated between the New Zealand and US Governments, an in-quota tariff rate of US 4.4 cents/kg is applied to most imports of New Zealand beef product. Some in-quota beef products are subject to ad valorem percentage duties.

2 Out-of-Quota Tariff

For beef product imported outside the US TRQ a 26.4% ad valorem tariff applies, based on FOB value. Note that in addition to the out-of-quota tariff, safeguard duties may also be applied to beef product shipped out-of-quota.

3 Safeguard Duties

The GATT Uruguay Round permits countries to impose safeguard duties in the event that import volumes or price levels of certain agricultural imports exceed pre-determined thresholds. Safeguard duties may be imposed in addition to any import duties established under Uruguay Round commitments.

In the case of the US, the value-based safeguard duties apply to beef imported outside the quota if the CIF value is less than a certain level. For boneless beef imports into the US the CIF price below which safeguard duties are imposed is US\$1.70/kg (US77.1c/lb). The lower the CIF value, the higher the safeguard duty. For frozen boneless beef and veal the safeguard duty

reduces on a sliding scale from US 75.3 cents/kg for product valued at less than US 30 cents/kg CIF to zero for product valued at US \$1.70/kg CIF or greater.

Because when safeguard duties apply the total out-of-quota duty payable is a combination of both CIF and FOB- based values, the charges that distinguish between FOB and CIF can make a significant difference to total import duty payable. This should be considered when exporters are evaluating whether out-of-quota shipments of low value product liable to safeguard duties are competitive with other market opportunities for that product.

WORKED EXAMPLE

The difference in import duties payable on in-quota and out-of-quota beef product can impact significantly on the returns obtainable from beef exports to the US. This is illustrated in the following example which demonstrates the reduction in FOB returns from exporting boneless beef product out-of-quota, against shipping the same boneless beef product in-quota. The example is made under the assumption that the same landed price (US\$2.00/ kg) will be realised under both in-quota and out-of-quota scenarios.

	In-Quota		Out-of-Quota	
	USD/kg	USD/lb	USD/kg	USD/lb
Landed Price	\$2.000	\$0.907	\$2.000	\$0.907
Import Duties				
In-Quota Import Duty ¹	\$0.044	\$0.020	-	-
Out-of-Quota ad valorem Import Duty ²	-	-	\$0.392	\$0.178
Safeguard Duty ³	-	-	\$0.021	\$0.010
Total Import Duties	\$0.044	\$0.020	\$0.413	\$0.188
CIF Value	\$1.956	\$0.887	\$1.587	\$0.720
International Charges ⁴	\$0.100	\$0.045	\$0.100	\$0.045
FOB Value	\$1.856	\$0.842	\$1.487	0.674

Notes

- 1 In-Quota tariff rate assumed at 4.4c/kg.
- 2 Out-of-Quota ad valorem tariff rate at 26.4% FOB.
- 3 Safeguard Duty at US2.1c/kg, representing the US\$1.50-US\$1.69 CIF band.
- 4 Including freight and insurance.

The example demonstrates that for out-of-quota product shipped to the US, the additional import duties the product will incur on arrival can significantly impact on the net FOB returns obtainable from that product against opportunities other markets may provide.

United States Beef and Veal Import Duties Graph

United States Beef and Veal Import Duties															
Description	In-Quota					Out-Of-Quota					Total Duty				
	HS Heading	HS Code	Description	Duty	HS Code	Description	Ad Valorem Duty % of FOB	CF value (US\$/kg)	Equiv. CIF value (US/clb)	Safeguard Duty	In-Quota		Out-Of-Quota		
											Stat	HS Heading suffix	Stat	HS Code	
Fresh or chilled	0201.10.10	.10	Veal	4.4 c/kg	.10	Veal	0.00	0.25	11.3	66.6	US\$kg	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.01	26.4% of FOB value + 66.6 c/kg (30.2 c/kg)	
			Other	4.4 c/kg	.90	Other	0.25	0.45	11.3	20.4	49.0	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.02	26.4% of FOB value + 49.0 c/kg (22.2 c/kg)	
	0201.20.10	.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4%		High-quality beef cuts**	0.65	1.05	38.6	47.6	14.8	4%	9904.02.04	26.4% of FOB value + 24.3 c/kg (11.0 c/kg)	
			Other	10%		Other	0.65	1.05	38.6	47.6	14.8	4%	9904.02.05	26.4% of FOB value + 14.8 c/kg (6.7 c/kg)	
	0201.20.30	.00	Processed*	4.4 c/kg		Processed*	1.05	1.25	47.6	56.7	8.8	10%	9904.02.06	26.4% of FOB value + 8.8 c/kg (4.0 c/kg)	
			Other	4.4 c/kg		Other	1.25	1.45	56.7	65.8	2.8	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.08	26.4% of FOB value + 2.8 c/kg (1.3 c/kg)	
	0201.30.10	.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4%		High-quality beef cuts**	0.00	0.30	0.0	13.6	75.3	4%	9904.02.27	26.4% of FOB value + 75.3 c/kg (34.2 c/kg)	
			Other	10%		Other	0.30	0.50	13.6	22.7	57.5	10%	9904.02.28	26.4% of FOB value + 57.5 c/kg (26.1 c/kg)	
	Frozen	0202.10.10	.10	Veal	4.4 c/kg	.10	Veal	0.00	0.15	6.6	80.7	US\$kg	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.09	26.4% of FOB value + 80.7 c/kg (36.5 c/kg)
				Other	4.4 c/kg	.90	Other	0.15	0.35	6.6	15.9	62.7	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.10	26.4% of FOB value + 62.7 c/kg (28.4 c/kg)
0202.20.10		.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4%		High-quality beef cuts**	0.35	0.55	15.9	24.9	46.6	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.11	26.4% of FOB value + 46.6 c/kg (21.1 c/kg)	
			Other	10%		Other	0.55	0.75	24.9	34.0	33.1	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.12	26.4% of FOB value + 33.1 c/kg (15.0 c/kg)	
0202.20.30		.00	Processed*	4.4 c/kg		Processed*	0.75	0.95	34.0	43.1	23.1	4%	9904.02.13	26.4% of FOB value + 23.1 c/kg (10.5 c/kg)	
			Other	4.4 c/kg		Other	0.95	1.15	43.1	52.2	14.4	4%	9904.02.14	26.4% of FOB value + 14.4 c/kg (6.5 c/kg)	
0202.30.10		.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4%		High-quality beef cuts**	1.15	1.35	52.2	61.2	8.4	10%	9904.02.15	26.4% of FOB value + 8.4 c/kg (3.8 c/kg)	
			Other	10%		Other	1.35	1.55	61.2	70.3	2.6	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.16	26.4% of FOB value + 2.6 c/kg (1.1 c/kg)	
0202.30.30		.00	Processed*	4%		Processed*	0.00	0.30	0.0	13.6	75.3	4%	9904.02.27	26.4% of FOB value + 75.3 c/kg (34.2 c/kg)	
			Other	10%		Other	0.30	0.50	13.6	22.7	57.5	10%	9904.02.28	26.4% of FOB value + 57.5 c/kg (26.1 c/kg)	
0202.30.50	.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4.4 c/kg		High-quality beef cuts**	0.50	0.70	22.7	31.8	43.5	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.29	26.4% of FOB value + 43.5 c/kg (19.7 c/kg)		
		Other	4.4 c/kg		Other	0.70	0.90	31.8	40.8	31.7	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.30	26.4% of FOB value + 31.7 c/kg (14.4 c/kg)		
0202.30.80	.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4.4 c/kg		High-quality beef cuts**	0.90	1.10	40.8	49.9	21.7	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.31	26.4% of FOB value + 21.7 c/kg (9.8 c/kg)		
		Other	4.4 c/kg		Other	1.10	1.30	49.9	59.0	14.1	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.32	26.4% of FOB value + 14.1 c/kg (6.4 c/kg)		
0202.30.90	.00	Processed*	4.4 c/kg		Processed*	1.30	1.50	59.0	68.0	8.1	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.33	26.4% of FOB value + 8.1 c/kg (3.7 c/kg)		
		Other	4.4 c/kg		Other	1.50	1.70	68.0	77.1	2.1	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.34	26.4% of FOB value + 2.1 c/kg (1.0 c/kg)		
0202.30.95	.00	High-quality beef cuts**	4.4 c/kg		High-quality beef cuts**	1.70	1.90	77.1	86.2	0.0	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.35	26.4% of FOB value + 86.2 c/kg (38.5 c/kg)		
		Other	4.4 c/kg		Other	1.90	2.10	86.2	95.3	0.0	4.4 c/kg	9904.02.36	26.4% of FOB value + 95.3 c/kg (42.8 c/kg)		

Source: Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (2012) - pages 2-1 to 2-3, 99-163 to 99-165.

Notes

The term "processed" covers meat which have been ground or comminuted, diced or cut into sizes for stew meat or similar uses, rolled and skewered, or specially processed into fancy cuts, special shapes, or otherwise made ready for particular uses by the retail consumer. The term "high quality beef cuts" means beef specially processed into fancy cuts, special shapes, or otherwise made ready for particular uses by the retail consumer (but not ground or comminuted, diced or cut into sizes for stew meat or similar uses, or rolled or skewered), which meets the specifications in regulations issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for Prime or Choice beef, and which has been so certified prior to exportation by an official of the government of the exporting country, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary of the Treasury after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture.

APPENDIX 5:

QUOTA ALLOWANCE ALLOCATION SYSTEM

– GUIDANCE NOTE – US BEEF AND VEAL¹

INTRODUCTION

The Meat Board Act 2004 (the Act) requires the New Zealand Meat Board (the Board) to establish and operate Quota Allowance Allocation Systems in country specific tariff rate quota markets. This note is issued as a guide to the requirements under the Allocation Systems. As a result of the GATT Uruguay Round, the following meat products of New Zealand origin may be exported to the United States at the tariff rates listed below up to the quantities specified. The out-of-quota tariff rates are also given. These apply to product imported outside the quota.

United States

Product type	Annual Quota Amount	In-quota Tariff Rate	Quota Year	Out-of-Quota Tariff Rate
Beef and Veal; CN code 0201 and 0202	213,402 tonnes (product weight)	US4.4c/kg on most beef products	1 January – 31 December	26.4%

ALLOCATION

To whom is quota allocated?

Qualifying Companies

which are those companies that hold export registration issued under the Act and have been the Owners of Qualifying Product² at Time of Slaughter³ over any of the three preceding Production Seasons.

New Entrants

which are those companies that:

- are (or are expected to be by a time approved by the Board) the holders of export registration certificates
- are a New Entrant as defined in Section 2 of this Quota Manual;

¹ This Guidance Note is intended as a summary of the provisions of the Quota Manual itself. In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of the Quota Manual and this Guidance Note the provisions of the Quota Manual will prevail.

² Qualifying Product means beef and veal from livestock slaughtered in a USDA Listed Premises and measured as dressed carcass hot weight.

³ At Time of Slaughter means immediately after slaughter floor weighing of a carcass (ie immediately after the carcass has crossed the scales).

How is Quota Allowance allocated?

At least 98% of the quota is allocated as General Quota Allowance to Qualifying Companies. It is allocated to companies according to their share of the sum of all companies' Production Histories for the preceding three Production Seasons.

Up to 2% of the quota is reserved for allocation on a first come first served, certificate by certificate basis for New Entrants.

Acquiring and selling Quota Allowance

A holder of General Quota Allowance may transfer all or part of its quota allowance for the relevant Quota Year to a holder of an export registration. A transfer form must be completed and signed by authorised signatories of both the Transferor and the Transferee and submitted to the Board. The transfer takes effect when confirmed by the Board.

Acquiring and selling Production History

A holder of Production History may transfer all or part of its Production History for a given Production Season to a Qualifying Company or a New Entrant. The transfer will be valid for any future Quota Years in terms of the General Quota Allowance Allocation formula after the Production History transfer has been approved by the Board.

ADMINISTRATION

Quota Allowance application closing dates for US Beef and Veal are:

US Beef and Veal	
General Quota Allowance Applications	15 October
New Entrant	Anytime during the quota year

TRQ CERTIFICATES

TRQ certificates are required for product to be imported within the terms of the Tariff Rate Quota. Completed TRQ certificates showing the details of the consignment must be submitted by the exporter to the Board for authorisation. On receipt of the authorised TRQ certificate, it is then the responsibility of the exporter to forward the TRQ certificate to the importer.

SECTION 14.

FORMS

INDEX TO FORMS

- 1 USBV Production History Form**
- 2 Transfer of US Beef and Veal Quota Allowance**
- 3 Transfer of US Beef and Veal Production History**
- 4 Application for US Beef and Veal General Quota Allowance**
- 5 New Entrant/First Come First Served Application**

FORM 1:

USBV PRODUCTION HISTORY FORM

PRODUCTION REPORT

Month/Period:	Owner at Time of Slaughter:
Company:	Signed (by Contact Person):
Date:	Contact Person:
	USDA Listed Premises (Establishment Number):

	Season	Carcasses (number)	Bone-in Dressed carcass Hot Weight (tonnes)
STEER and HEIFER	Production to date		
	Current Month/Period		
	Estimate for balance of season		
	TOTAL		
COW	Production to date		
	Current Month/Period		
	Estimate for balance of season		
	TOTAL		
BULL	Production to date		
	Current Month/Period		
	Estimate for balance of season		
	TOTAL		
BOBBY VEAL	Production to date		
	Current Month/Period		
	Estimate for balance of season		
	TOTAL		

Qualifying Product means beef and veal from livestock slaughtered in USDA Listed Premises, measured as dressed carcass hot weight. In the case of bobby veal, an industry agreed coefficient could be applied in order to bring the measurement of bobby veal carcasses into line with that of beef carcasses.

- Cow included manufacturing and prime cow.

FORM 2:**TRANSFER OF USBV QUOTA ALLOWANCE**

- This form relates to the Quota Allowance Allocation System in respect of **United States Beef and Veal tariff rate quota** (“Allocation System”).
- Section 8, Part A of the Allocation System is of particular relevance when completing this form.
- The form must be completed by both parties to the transfer and returned to the **New Zealand Meat Board**.

TRANSFEROR

ER Number:	Reference (eg. contract number):
Name of Company:	

TRANSFeree

ER Number:	Reference (eg. contract number):
Name of Company:	

DETAILS OF TRANSFER

Date of Transfer:	Applicable Quota Year (1 January to 31 December)
Quota Allowance transferred (tonnes net weight):	

The transferee hereby acknowledges that it will utilise during the relevant Quota Year the tonnage of the Quota Allowance transferred to it.

Signed (For Transferor):	
Name (please print):	Date:

Signed (For Transferee):	
Name (please print):	Date:

BOARD USE ONLY	Signed	Date
Transfer form received:		
Transfer confirmed:		
Transfer declined (Provide reason):		

FORM 3:**TRANSFER OF USBV PRODUCTION HISTORY**

- This form relates to the Quota Allowance Allocation System in respect of **United States Beef and Veal Tariff Rate Quota** (“Allocation System”).
- Section 8, Part C of the Allocation System is of particular relevance when completing this form.
- The form must be completed by both parties to the transfer and returned to the **New Zealand Meat Board**.

TRANSFEROR

ER Number:	Name of Company:
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TRANSFeree

ER Number:	Name of Company:
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DETAILS OF TRANSFER

Date of Transfer:	Applicable Production Season (October to September)
Production History transferred (tonnes):	
Reason/Basis of Transfer (specify purchase or other arrangement pursuant to which transfer requested)	

Signed (For Transferor):	
Name (please print):	Date:

Signed (For Transferee):	
Name (please print):	Date:

BOARD USE ONLY	Signed	Date
Transfer form received:		
Transfer confirmed:		
Transfer declined (Provide reason):		

FORM 4:**APPLICATION FOR USBV GENERAL QUOTA ALLOWANCE**

- This application is made in terms of the Quota Allowance Allocation System in respect of **United States Beef and Veal Tariff Rate Quota** ("Allocation System").
- Section 4 of the Allocation System are of particular relevance when completing this application.
- This application relates to the Quota Year from 1 January to 31 December.
- The application must be lodged with the Board on or before 15 October prior to the commencement of the Quota Year to which this application relates.
- The application must be sent to the **New Zealand Meat Board**.

NAME OF APPLICANT

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APPLICANT DETAILS

ER Number:	Telephone:
Email:	
Postal address:	
Street address:	

Note: Notices by the Board will be sent to the applicant at its postal address or email address given above.

CONTACT PERSONS

Specify two people who are authorised to act as agents of the applicant (eg. Chief Executive, Marketing Manager).

Name:
Position:

Name:
Position:

DECLARATION

I am authorised to make this application on behalf of the applicant company and I can verify that:

- a. The applicant agrees to be bound by the terms of the Allocation system which the applicant has received, and which I have read prior to making this application.
- b. All the statements contained in this application and any attached documentation are to the best of my knowledge true and correct.
- c. The applicant acknowledges that it will immediately advise the Board in writing of any change of any of the details contained in this application.
- d. The required participation fee is enclosed.

Signature:
Name (please print):
Position:
Date:

FORM 5: NEW ENTRANT/FIRST COME FIRST SERVED APPLICATION

Refer to online application form at www.nzmeatboard.org/quotas/application-for-quota-allowance